ought his order)—Did you ever see a before I gave you my order? Water—No, uit!

Brown—Have you seen me since? Waiter—No, sir! Brown—Well, you have the most underful memory for faces I ever saw

n my life. Waiter-Do you think so, sir? Brown-Yes; the idea of a man who only saw me once remembering my face so long afterward is little short of miraculous.—Puck.

The Greatest. Quibble-What was the restest trial you ever presided over Judge Kidby-Bringing up

daughters, sir.—Harper's Bazaar,

The Ewern Termenters
Of the Spanish Inquicition never inflicted tortures more dreadful than those endured by the victim of inflammatory rheumatism. The chronic form of this obtinate malady is sufficiently painful. Arrest it at the start with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and avoid bropming a infeloig martyr. The Bitters will remove ma'aria and kidney complaints, dyspepsia, constipation, nervousness and neuralisia, remedy debility and hastens convalences.

de careful to make friendship the child, and the father, of virtue. Pure and Wholesome Quality

nends to public approval the California liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs. It is leasant to the taste and by acting gently on the kidney, liver and bowels to cleanse the system effectually, it promotes the health and comfort of all who use it, and with millions it is the best and only remedy.

The rersonal pronoun "I" should be the Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

The most amiable people are those who leas wound the self-love of others.

In the Police Court-Tried and Judgment in its Favor.

Some time ago Judge Andy E. Calhoun, judge of the police court of Atlanta, had occasion to pass a sentence that was gratifying to him, and if people will take his advice much suffering will be alleviated. The judge is subject to nervous sick headaches and dyspepsia. Here is his sentence:

"I am a great sufferer from nervous sick headache and have found no remedy so effective as Tyner's Dyspepsia Remedy. If taken when the headache first begins it invariably cures."

Price 50 cents per bottle. For sale by all

The Cex College. We congratulate the management of the Southern Female (Cox) College upon the removal of the institution from LaGrange to the magnificent buildings at Manchester, Atlanta's most beautiful suburb. This grand old institution is now better equipped in the various departments, and has a larger and stronger faculty than ever before, and it is with pleasure we learn of the flattering prospects for a larger attendance this fall,

A New View of Life. It is surprising how often the troubles of this life spring from indigestion. And more surprising how few people know it. You say, "I'm blue," or "My head feels queer," or "I can't sleep," or "Everything frets me." Nine times in ten indigestion is at the bottom of all your miseries, and a box of Ripans Tabules would give you an entirely new view of life.

Don't Drag Your Feet. Many men do because the nerve centres, reakened by the long-continued use of to-back, become so affected that they are weak, tired, lifeless, listless, etc. All this can be casily overcome if the tobacco user wants to quit and gain manhood, nerve power, and enjoy vigorously the good things of life. Take No-To-Bac. Guaranteed to cure or money refunded by Druggists everywhere. Book free. The Sterling Remedy Oo., New

York City or Chicago. The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional ireatment. Hall's Catarrh Cere is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure, Send for list of testimonials. Address a F. J. Cheney & Co., Taledo, O. \$100 Reward. \$100.

FITS stopped free by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$2.00 trial bot-tle free. Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa. When You Come to Realize

that your corns are gone, and no pain, how grateful you feel. The work of Hindercorns. 15c Piso's Cure is the medicine to break up children's Coughs and Colds.—Mrs. M. G. Bluet, Sprague, Wash., March 8, '94.

Wife used "Mothers' Friend" before first child—was quickly re lieved; suffered but little; recovery rapid. E. E. Johnston, Eufaula, Ala-

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children tecthing, softens the gums, reduces inflamma-tion, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 250 per bottle.

Makes the Weak Strong Hood's Sarsaparilla tones and strengthens the digestive organs, creates an appetite, and

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the one True Blood Purifier.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age. KENNEDY'S

Medical Discovery.

DONALD KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, MASS.

Has discovered in one of our common easture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common pimple. He has tried it in over eleven hundred

ises, and never falled except in two case (both thunder humor). He has now in-his possession over two hundred certifi-cates of its value, all ufficing wenty infine at Boston. Send postal card for book. A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect care is warranted.

sirst bottle, and a perfect oure is warranied, when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them filter same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ductableing stopped, and always lisappears in a week after taking it. Read the label. If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause aquesmish feelings at first.

In change of tilet aver necessary. Ras the ton you can get, and enough of it. It was tone tablespoonful in water at bed-time. Sold by all Druggists.

by all Druggists.

#### FLORIDA BRIEFS.

TEMS OF INTEREST GATHERED AT BANDOM

News from all Parts of the Sta

One of the largest lumber cargoes hat ever left Fernandina was taken by the schooner Benjamin E. Firth several days ago. She carried 686,000 feet. The lumber shipments for the month promise to be large.

Ret McGregor, shot by Sam Lewis at the time of his arrest at Buena Vista several days ago, died of his wounds. McGregor went to Lewis when he was shot down and turned him over. As he was turned over he drew a pistol and began firing as rapidly as possible, one of the balls entering McGregor's neck, and another his arm. McGregor was a new comer to the bay country and had secured a homestead. He was a hard working young man, universally liked.

The Times desires to caution readers to go a little slow in swallowing that story about a Florida man who raised 1,000 pounds of tobacco on one acre and sold it for \$1 a pound. Since the mysterious disappearance of the man who made \$1,000 an acre on tomatoes at Avon Park we have been inclined to require affidavits. Now a thousand pounds of tobacco at ten cents a pound is a good-enough story for us, and some one will please come forward with it .- Tampa Times.

A meeting of the citizens of Green Cove Springs and Clay county was held recently. The object of the meeting was to take into consideration the question of settling a colony from the Northwest on lands in the immediate vicinity of Green Cove. The town and county were well represented by parties largely interested. A number subscribed their lands for the colony at very low prices and several thousand acres have already been contracted for. A committee of eleven was appointed to secure further contributions of land.

Farmers in the vicinity of Fort White are busy getting ready for the fall planting. A greatly increased acreage will be planted, and a greater range of vegetables than last year, as the experience of the last season has proved that almost anything will grow when timely planted and properly cared for. Better rates have been promised, and everybody is satisfied to go shead, but even if rates should be the same as last year, vegetables raised at White City reach the earliest market and bring a big price, leaving a handsome net profit.

A meeting of the citizens of Gainesville was held a few days ago to take some steps looking to the reorganization of the fire companies which re-cently disbanded. Nothing was done at the meeting and at present Gainesville has no fire department. Hose company No 1 recently appealed to the council for financial assistance, which was not given, and as a result the company has disbanded and re-fused to handle a hose in case of a fire. It is, however, understood that the Business Men's club will take the matter in hand at their next meeting, and no doubt steps will be taken whereby the department will be reorganized.

The vegetable shipping season at are in and the accounts are balanced. Many of the growers have fallen far short of receiving enough to pay for their fertilizers, seeds and crates. A somewhat larger number have been able to meet these items, but did not get enough to cover the added expense of hired labor. Not more than three or four, out of over twenty shippers, have anything to show for that greater portion of the labor which was performed by their own hands. All the rest has been retained by the commission men or swallowed up by the transportation companies.

The "Florida Products Development company" is a new enterprise which is about to commence the manufacturing of glass and earthenware jars for preserving fruits and vegetables, etc. The company will also manufacture and develop chemical compounds and me-chanical devices, and deal in raw and manufactured products. It will establish glass works, preserving establishments, will manufacture cement from the clays and muck banks bordering the line of the east coast canal, and, in fact, develop all things so bountifully yielded by Florida's land waters. The company is capitalized for \$100,000, and its place for business is St. Augustine and at such other places as the products warrant the building of fac-

Senator Chipley Sues a Newspaper. State Senator W. D. Chipley has lacing the damages at \$25,000. Chip ley is prominent in Florida politics and belongs to a faction of the democracy to which the Times is opposed The Times has repeatedly accused the the Chipley faction of frauds at the polls and has alleged that these frauds were instigated by senator Chipley.

During the last legislature a charter bill relating to Pensacola was changed in some mysterious way after it had passed the house and senate and before it reached the Governor. The bill was fathered by Chipley and the changes were such as benefited his faction. The Times has attacked Chipley in relation to the trouble and intimated that he knew something about it. It is supposed that these attacks have goaded Chipley into bringing the libel.

A Book on Florida. Judge Tillman, a veteran newspaper

man of Quitmen, Ga., is touring the state in the interest of the Plant eyetem. He is seeking information about Florida soil, its adaptability for the various crops and how to grow them. With these facts, Judge Tillman will write a book which will tell all about he lands of the Plant system, 100,000

ously at the Atlanta ex Judge Tillman will write for the infor-mation of those people who desirs to seek homes in the south, and for such his forthcoming work will be a most valuable compendium of facts relative to the state's resources and possibili-ties. The judge pleasantly remarked: "Bill Arp" would write the pleasing things of fancy, while he would into the substance of things.

Judge Tillman claims the credit of discovering that erab grass makes excellent hay, and that it possesses 14 per cent more nutriment than any other grasses. He says there are farmers in Georgia who, through his solicitation, have gone to growing crab grass for hay as a money crop, and those who have done so have made more money out of it than they ever did out of cotton.

Laws of Florida. The Times-Union remarks: The las legislature was not at all conspicuous for its brilliancy, and was rather a failure in the estimation of the people of Florida, who, in a time of unusua trial, looked to that body for help and assistance. Economy in the distribution of state funds was a necessity, but it was not observed in directions wherein it was most feasible, and in other matters appropriations were cut off which were of vital importance to the people. Yet even this blind policy might have been overlooked had not the laws they endeavored to make been turned over to the people in such an inextricable tangle.

A bill was passed providing for the taking of a state census, the price to be paid for which was fixed at 3 cents per capita for names recorded, and the time for beginning said census July 1. So far as known now, very little cen-sus of any kind will be taken, and for the simple reason that only eight thousand dollars was appropriated for the work and this amount would be insufficient to pay for even taking the names, much less the printing and department expenses accruing.

Both houses fought and squabbled over game laws. Amendment after amendment was introduced. discussed and passed, or killed. Finally these unapproachable lawmakers succeeded in getting something on the statute books that is not a law itself, but which may repeal other laws of the same character, and it has been seriously questioned whether the state now has game restrictions of any kind which can be legally enforced.

But for wild and hilarious absurdity the last paragraph of section 5, chapter 4346, Laws of Florida, takes the palm. In its wording it is so supremely ridiculous as to savor of absolute lunacy, and section 3 of chapter 4403 is almost as bad.

These may be errors, either in en rolling or printing, but the fact remains that the Florida legislature of 1895 was a grievous disappointment to the constituencies which elected the members of that body. There were good and true men among the number, and these labored faithfully for the good of the people they were sworn to serve, but their efforts were badly handicapped by the prejudice and ignorance of others.

A perusal of the recently enacted laws, just published, will prove an interesting course of reading.

THE PLANT LINE'S PYRAMID

At the Atlanta Exposition Completed and Ready for Exhibits. The main building of the Plant sys

tem at the exposition grounds at At lanta has been completed and the roof has been covered entirely with samples of the rock and pebble phosphate from Florida and South Carolina, present-Panasoffkee has closed; the returns ing a surface that glistens brightly in the sun and can be seen from any point in the grounds, capped as it is by a large golden crescent that, in the rays of the enormous search light to be placed on the government building. will look like a new moon, its pole be-

ing obscured from view by darkness. A shed for a miniature train of freight cars is now being erected, in addition to which there will be an exhibit of a turpentine well, a palmetto cottage containing all kinds of this product and women making hats, baskets, etc. Colonel D. H. Elliott, of the Plant system, is superintending the placing of the exhibits and the erection of the buildings. The exhibits which will consist of the products both natural and manufactured of the state of Florida in particular are to be placed in cases covered with glass and arranged in a systematic manner in special spaces on the floor of the main building. The idea for the interior decoration is novel and varied and will present an attractive appearance when

THE FERNANDINA WESTERN.

President Swann Has Been Letting

Contracts for the Road. S. A. Swann, president of the Fer nandina Western railroad, has returned from a business trip in the interest of the road. He visited Valdosta, Jasper and Savannab, and is making arrangements for holding an important meeting at Fernandina. Prominent citizens from the above places will be brought suit against the Tampa Daily | present, and matters of importance to Times for defamation of character, the road will be considered. A contract to get out ties has been let to J. M. Cook, who made the railway survey. Mr. Cook has gone to Alexanderville, Ga., where he will immediately set a force of hands to work.

Homes for Immigrants.

The firm of Clay & Hart, of Iowa, Duval county and 158,715 acres locastate, upon which they propose to locate a desirable class of cettlers. emigrants to Wisconsin. Colonel Patton states that the first settlers will arrive about the latter part of September and will consist of a party of about thirty of the representative gentlemen who will form the colony and that they are the advance guard of a much larger number who will come in October.

Four Burned to Death in a Hotel. Four people were burned to death by a fire af Pendleton, Ore., which destroved the Transfer hotel and several adjoining buildings on Main street, one block from the Oregon Bailway copies of which will be distributed and Navigation company depot.

RANSOM DEBARRED.

HE IS NO LONGER OUR MINISTER TO MEXICO.

He Cannot Legally Draw His Pay and Owes the Salary Already Drawn.

A Washington special says: Ron. Matt W. Ransom, of North Carolina, is no longer minister of the United States to Mexico. That office was practically declared vacant Friday by a decision rendered by Mr. Holmes Contad, solicitor general of the United States and acting attorney general. Mr. Ransom's incumbency was declared to be contrary to the federal constitution, and the acting attorney general sustained the action of Mr. Thomas Holcomb, auditor of the treasury for the state department, in declining to pass favorably upon Mr. Bansom's vouchers

for salary and expenses. The decision of the acting attorney general was based on a question raised by Auditor Holcomb as to the legality of Mr. Ransom's appointment to the Mexican mission, in view of the existence on section 2, article 6, of the constitution, which declares that "no senator or representative shall, during the time for which he was elected, be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States which shall have been created or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such time."

This provision apparently fitted the case of Mr. Ransom, for he was nominated by President Cleveland and confirmed by the senate before his term of office as senator from North Caroline had expired, and during that term the salary of the Mexican mission had been increased \$5,000 a year.

Mr. Ransom was elected to the senate in 1872 and served continuously from April 24th of that year until February 23, 1895, when his nomination to the Mexican mission was sent to the senate and immediately confirmed by that body, and until the 4th of March, when his term expired and his commission as minister to Mexico was signed by the president. He was a member of the senate when the diplomatic and consular appropriation. bill was passed, which contained a proision raising the post of minister to Mexico from a mission of the second class to a mission of the first class, and increasing the salary of the office from \$12,500 to \$17,500 a year. It is due to Mr. Ransom's occupancy of a seat in the senate chamber at that time that he is today without an office and that he is technically a debtor to the government for the amount of salary he has drawn since assuming his diplomatic post. Whether or not he voted in favor of the increase is of no consequence; the fact that he was a member of the senate when it passed the diplomatic and consular bill, as stated, operated against him holding in a legal manner any federal civil office, "which shall have been created, or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased" during the time for which he was elected senator.

INDIANS IN THE RIGHT.

The Report of Agent Teter is in Their

The report of Indian Agent Teter, of the Fort Hall reservation, upon the recent Bannock trouble was received at the Indian bureau at Washington Tuesday. It confirms the heretofore published accounts of the killing of the Bannock Indians.

In connection with the killing of these Indians an interesting report has been received by the secretary of the interior forwarded from the war department. It is from Captain J. T. Vanorsdale, of the Seventh United States cavalry, formerly acting agent of the Fort Hall reservation. The re-

port says in part: Being short rationed and far from self-supporting, the Bannocks hunt for the purpose of obtaining sustenance. By treaty they are granted this privilege. It would seem that the killing of these Indians under the circumstances was notning more nor less than murder. Further, I believe that there is no wanton slaughter of game by these Indians, while it is a notorious fact that hundreds of the animals are killed by white men for nothing more than heads and horns. There are men that country who make it a busines to pilot hunting parties from the east and abroad, which not only slaughter elk, but capture and ship them out of the country. The killing of game by the Indians interferes with this business. The Indians can hardly be expected to submit to the killing of their people while engaged in an occupation which they think they have a right to follow, more quietly than white men, and failure by the government to take proper action is liable to result in serious loss of life and property."

TAILORS ON STRIKE.

Five Thousand Pants and Jacket Workers Out.

Five thousand jacket and pants makers at New York went on a strike Wednesday morning. Besides these fifteen hundred other workers, classed as unskilled workers, are thrown out of work. By noon fully nine thousand tailors had quit work. The children's jacket workers' union called out all its members. There are besides some twenty-five hundred pants makers and have purchased 25,000 acres of land in nearly four thousand unorganized workmen who have been forced out of ted in nineteen other counties in the employment by the strike. Men and women are joining the strikers each hour. The coat makers and shirt Messrs. Clay & Hart have had a great | makers will probably go out in the deal of experience in this line, having course of a week or two, which will recently brought from Holland 1,100 swell the number of strikers up to fully twenty thousand men.

> CORN TAKES AN UPWARD JUMP. Short Selling Has Been Overdone and Cash is Demanded.

Corn made a 2-cent advance at Chicago Tuesday, shooting up to 381 for September, after selling at 86 Monday. The short selling, it was stated, has been overdone and the cash demand has finally made itself felt. There is also a better demand for cash oats from the seaboard. All the markets here-wheat, corn and oate-appear to be on a saah basis.

FARMS AND FARMERS.

York, with 280,029 acres and 4,675,735

Ithnois claims the largest number of improved seres on her farms, having

Ohio has the greatest number of farms, 251,430, having 28,352,408 acres; Illinois is second, with 240,681 farms and 30,498,277 seres; Missouri being third, with 238,013 farms and 30,780,290 acres.

New York has the greatest amount of capital invested in farm implements and machinery, the sum total being \$46,-659,465; Pennsylvania is second, with \$39,046,855: Iowa is third, with \$36,-

In the estimated value of farm products, according to the returns of the eleventh census. Illinois is first, with \$184,759,013; New York is second, with \$161,593,009; Iowa is third; with \$159,347,844. Illinois has the greatest value in

fences and buildings—\$1,262,870,587, the second place belonging to Ohio, which has \$1,050,931,828, and the third to New York, whose fences and buildings are valued at \$968, 127, 286. Kentucky stands first in tobacco, having 274,587 acres, producing 221, 880,303 pounds; Virginia is second, with 110,579 acres and 48,522,655

with 97,077 acres, producing 36,375, 258 pounds. The first corn-producing state is Iowa, with an acreage of 8,585,522 and 313,130,782 bushels; next comes Illinois, with 7,863,025 acres and 289, 697,256 bushels; the third being Kansas, with 7,314,665 acres and 259,674,

pounds, and North Carolina is third,

568 bushels. Among the barley-producing states California stands first, having 815,995 acres, yielding 17,548,386 bushels; the second is Iowa, with 518,729 acres and 13,406,122 bushels; the third being Wisconsin, with 474,014 acres and 15,-225,872 bushels.

According to the statistics furnished by our consular service, the farmers of this country are better clothed, better housed, better fed, give their children a better education and have more money in bank than the rural population of any country in the world.

The first state in flaxseed is Minnesota, the fields of that commonwealth yielding 2,721,987 bushels of seed and 8,609 peunds of fiber; the second in May, A. D. 1895. rank is Iowa, with 2,282,359 bushels of seed and 6,281 pounds of fiber; the third being South Dakota, with 1,801,-114 bushels of seed and 3,278 pounds

From the Recess Convier, Welhalla, G. G. Bor several years Mrr. Masy Heater, with of Mr. William Hunter, of Mountain Rest, Counted County, S. C., was a constant enflerer from rhoumatism and could find no relief, even though she consulted the best decitors and tried every ramedy presented by the most eminent physicians of the South, But she finally simulied, as it were, on a medicine which wrought her care in a dissple, but nevertheless is most remarkable, manner. Such was not experience, and for the benefit of suffering humanity she consented to an interview touching her peculiar 0000.

"Yes, it is true that I had chronic rhe matism of long standing," said Mrs. Hunt matism of long standing," said Mes. Hunter to a reporter, "and the most celebrated physicians of South Carolina could effect no cure. But I have been cured, and that completely." And she spoke the words with a bright smalle and cheerial countenance.

"I am stary six years of age," she sontinued, "and about five years age I began to suffer from soute thoumatism. The pain soon became constant, and for four years I could find no relief. I could not remain still in any position, either lying, sitting, withing or standing. There was no rest nor ease for me, and thus it continued until life itself became a burden. During these years I consulted several of the most capable and eminent physicians of our State and took their prescriptions. But short and temporary was the relief afforded by any of them, and some falled to give any relief at all. The malady would return with accumulated force after every period of temporary suspension, and at last it seemed that my case was hopeless.

"About this time I received a letter from my sister, Mrs. Lucinda Stewart, of Texas, who wrote me to try Dr. Williams Pink Pills for Pale People, and she told me how much good they had done har. She had been sick for seven years and had had two strokes of paralysis. None of the doctors of Texas could do anything for her, and her cure seemed impossible. But she was told by a friered to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and she at last did so. She wrote that she had taken only half a box when she experienced a decided change for the better, and soon she left like a young girl again, even though she was over forty years old. In a short time she was cured, and she is now enjoying good health.

"But, even after receiving that letter, it to a reporter, "and the most celebrated play

health.

"But, even after receiving that letter, it was some time before I consented to try the pills. I continued to receive treatment from physicians for a year or more, because I had little or no faith in patent medicines of any kind. But finally, being reduced to a direct extremity, and all else failing. I concluded to write for one box of the pills, and did so. Within a week after beginning to take them I commenced feeling better, and when the first box was used I ordered six boxes. But two more boxes effected my cure, and that permanently, too; for during the past year I have been entirely free from rheumatic pains, and count my cure complete. Since then I have given the pills to other members of my family, and in no instance have they falled to give speedy and permanent relief. I am convinced that the pills are all that Dr. Williams claims for them, and more too. I cheeriams claims for them, and more too. I cheer-To confirm her statement of facts beyond all doubts, Mrs. Hunter made the following

Sworn to before me this, the 9th day

May, A. D. 1895.

(I.S.) R. T. JAYKE, Notary Public.

Mrs. Hunter is well and favorably known, being the wife of one of Oconee's most successful and substantial farmers. No one can doubt her statement for a moment, and many of her neighbors, moreover, are cognizant of her remarkable cure.

Too Rich.

"These travelers," sighed the heath

"They are very rich," murmured the

"They are rich, and, moreover, our

The courtier did not fail to notice

during reflection that his majesty help-ed himself to cold tourist but once. —

The Man for the Place.

Applicant-You advertised for

Editor-Yes. | Do you know any-

"I know enough to write paragraphs

warning farmers not to leave their \$500

mowing-machines outdoors all winter."

Mothers Appreciate the Good Work

of Parker's Ginger Tonic, with its reviving qualities—a boon to the pain-stricken and nervous

OSBORNE'S

No text books used: Actual business from day a entering. Business papers, college currency and groots used. Send for handsomely illustrated estalogue. Board cheap.; R. E. fare paid to Augusta.

assistant editor. I believe.

thing about agriculture?

The royal brows knit in a frown.

stomach is not what it used to be."

nonarch, "gire me a pain."

grand vizier.

Detroit Tribune

"You'll do."

"Yes-"

Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U.S. Gov't Report

## Baking ABSOLUTELY PURE

How Many Apples Did They Eat?

"Can you tell me," said Will to Bob, "how many apples Adam and Eve ate in the garden of Eden?" "That's a chestnut!" Bob answered. "Eve ate one and Adam ate, too; that

makes three." "You don't add correctly, Bob. The total is 163."

"How do you make that out?" "Why, as you said, Eve ate one (81) and Adam ate, too (82). Add 81 and 82 together, and you get 163, don't

Bob thought a moment and then exclaimed; "I guess they ate more, after all. Eve ate, for one (841), and Adam ate too (82). Total, 923.'

"Oh. I can do better than that," said will. Eve, for one, ate one (4181 and Adam, too, ate one (281). That makes a total of 4,362. Can you beat "Yes, indeed! How is this? Eve ate

one, for one (8,141), and Adam ate, one too (812). That is a total of 8,953, Now it's your turn." "I'll quit," said Will. "They must have eaten the whole crop."-New



To Become a Mother If so, then permit us to say that Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription is "Mother's Friend, FOR IT MAKES

ystem for parturition, thus assisting Nature and shortening "Labor." The painful ordeal of childbirth is robbed of its terrors, and the dangers thereof greatly lessened, to both mother and child. The period of confinement is also shortened, the mother strengthened and an abundant secretion of nourishment for the child promoted.

Send twenty-one (21) cents for The People's Medical Adviser, 1000 pages, over 300 illustrations, giving all particulars. Several chapters of this great family doctor book are devoted to the consideration of diseases peculiar to women with sugges tions as to successful home treatment same. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.



THE SOUTHERN FEMALE COLLEGE, of La Grange THE SOUTHERN FEMALE COLLEGE, 50 years under control of one family, has been removed to Manchester (College Park), Atlanta, and will be in perfect order to open the 53rd Session, Sept. 11th, 1395, in new brick building, with electric lights, steam heating, water works, elevator. Faculty of 30; elaborate teaching appliances; extensive courses of study and high standards; best advantages in Music and Art. Pupils attend Exposition; Alumns Day Nov 1th; Europeon party next Summer. Send for Catalogue.

C. C. COX, PRESIDENT,

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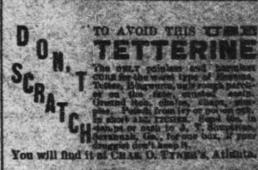
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Closes March 24rs. 1896,
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Fine Millinery--BOWMAN BROS.

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DeLonch Mill Mfg. Co., 295, Allauta, Ga.

A Word to the Sleepless.

Dr. J. E. Huxley, of Maidstone, England, thinks he has hit upon the Business College natural remedy for aleeplessness. It is, in brief, to curl under the clothes like a kitten, or put the head under School of Shorthand the wing like a hen. He says: "This insomnia seems to be now a universal affliction. We live wrongly; sit up late and overwork the brain, and then late and overwork the brain, and then go to bed in an excited condition. No one seems to have hit upon the natural remedy. I think I have. Péople take chloral and the like at their peril, and the fatal consequence not caldom ensues. It is all wrong, for you cannot an trol the dose required for the exact. This Hotel is noted for its excellent service and splendid on sine, the table being suppried with all the selicacies the market affords. An abundant supply of fish, crabs, shrimp, etc. Loon's fine orchestre engaged for season. Specially low rates this crasen. Write for terms. Special inducements to parties of ten or more.

BOHAN & COWAN. control the dose required for the exact circumstances. But try nature's plan instead. Lower the supply of oxygen to the blood, produce a little asphyxis, limit the quantity of air to the lun and heart, and circulation becomin quicker, the brain loses its stimulant and sleep follows. When you find yourself "in" for a sleepless night, oover your head with the bed-clothes and breathe and rebreathe only the respired air. Thus you may reduce the stimulating oxygen and fail asleep. There is no danger. When asleep you are sure to disturb the covering and get as much fresh air as you require, or when once drowsiness has been produced, it is easy to go on sleeping, though the air be fresh. What do the cat and dog do when they prepare to sleep? They turn around generally three times, and lastly busy their noses in some hollow in their hair and "off" they go. They are in no danger, although it might look as if they were from the closeness with which they embed their noses."—Medical Fress and Circular.

> The first in the list of wheat-producing states is Minnesots, having 3,872,-627 acres, which yielded 52,300,247 bushels of the grain; next comes Califorhia, with 2,840,807 acres and 40,-869,337 bushels; the third being North Dakota, with 2,709,421 acres and 26,-403,365 bushels.

> THESE days the man who has lee to melt is richer than he who has mone